





# The Daily Standard.

Tuesday, January 14, 1873.

## Napoleon the Third.

Another great man has passed that course whence no traveller returns. We learn by telegraph that Louis Napoleon, Emperor of France, died at Chislehurst, in England, on Thursday morning, the 9th instant, at 10:45 o'clock. The distinguished exile had been in a precarious state of health for some time, and although his disease is said to have been quite sudden and unexpected, those who knew the nature of his complaint will not be much surprised to hear of his death. Shakespeare says, "the world is a stage, and all men are actors," and probably no single individual of this century has played a more diversified and important part in the world's history than the deceased Emperor. A brief outline of his chequered career will at this time, be felt assured, be perused with interest by the readers of the STANDARD. Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, ex-Emperor of France, was the third son of Louis Bonaparte, ex-King of Holland. His mother was Hortense, daughter of the Empress Josephine, by her first marriage. He was born at the Tuileries, April 20th, 1808, and was, at the time of his death, in the sixty-fifth year of his age. His birth was announced through the Empress, and in Holland, by the roar of artillery, and he was baptized on the 4th of November, 1810, by Cardinal Fesch, the Emperor and the Empress Maria Louise being his sponsors. After Napoleon's return from Elba, his young nephew accompanied him to the Champ de Mars, and was there presented to the deputies of the people and the army. The splendor of this scene left, as it was likely to do, a deep impression on the mind of the boy, then only seven years of age. When Napoleon embraced him for the last time at Malmaison, he was much agitated; the child wished to follow his uncle, and was with difficulty pacified by his mother. Then commenced the banishment of the family, Louis and his mother first lived at Angsburg, and afterwards in Switzerland. The latter state admitted the young exile to the rights of citizenship, and permitted him to serve in its small army. For a time he studied gunnery at the military academy on the shores of the beautiful Lake of Thun; and during his stay amongst the Alps made excursions over the passes, knapsack on back and alpenstock in hand. While engaged on a trip of this kind, the news of the July revolution in Paris reached him; and when it was known that Louis Philippe had become king, he and his family at once applied to be permitted to return to France, but were refused. In the beginning of 1831 he and his brother left Switzerland, and settled in Tuscany. They both took part in the insurrection at Rome. His designs upon the throne of France became evident in the early part of the year 1835. In 1836 his plans were ripe for an attack on the fortress of Strasbourg. This town, with its strong garrison, its associations with Bonaparte, and a population not very well affected to the actual government, seemed a favorable point for the attack. In the event of success there, Louis intended to march the next day towards Paris, to rouse and arm the intermediate provinces, to take with him the garrisons of Alsace and Lothringen, and, if possible, to reach the metropolis before the government could take any active measures against him. In June, 1836, Louis Napoleon left Strasbourg and went to Baden-Baden, where he gained over Colonel Vaudrey, commander of artillery in the garrison of Strasbourg. In August he went secretly to that city, and there had an interview with fifteen officers, who promised him their assistance and cooperation. He then returned into Switzerland, leaving the further arrangements for the insurrection to some of his adherents. The affair, however, failed miserably, and Louis himself was taken prisoner. He was detained a prisoner in Strasbourg from October 30th till November 9th, when he was conducted to Paris, and learnt that on the first intelligence of his capture, his mother had come into the vicinity of Paris, to try to obtain his pardon and save his life, or to excite sympathy for him. His life was spared, but he was told at the same time that he was to be sent to the United States. He protested against this, but in vain, and he was accordingly landed in that country. There, however, he did not long remain, but returned to Switzerland, where he found his mother on her death-bed. At the end of the year 1838 he took up his residence in London, and in 1839 he published a work entitled, "Des idées Napoléoniennes." In 1840 he resided on a new attempt on the French crown. He hired in London an English steamer, called the City of Edinburgh, and embarking with Count Montholon, General Volain, and fifty-three other persons on board, they landed near Boulogne on Thursday, the 6th of August, and summoned the troops to surrender, or join them. The only man who did so was a young lieutenant of the 6th regiment, who tried to induce the soldiers to join the prince. Napoleon, however, failed in the attempt, and was captured with his followers, in attempting to escape to the steamer. The trial of the prince and his followers took place at the beginning of October, before upwards of 150 of the peers of France, many of whom owed their elevation to his uncle, the Emperor Napoleon. M. Berryer defended him, but in vain, and he was sentenced to perpetual imprisonment in a fortress in France. He was afterwards conveyed a prisoner to the Citadel of Ham. On the 25th of May, 1846, he made his escape from the fortress, where he had been confined a prisoner for six years. He effected his exit from the castle by assuming, as a disguise, the dress of a workman, and thus deceiving the vigilance of the guards. He immediately crossed the frontier into Belgium, and took refuge in

England, where he resided until the Paris Revolution of 1848, when he was elected a Representative in the National Assembly, and subsequently President of the French Republic. Arrived at this hazardous position, he sought to strengthen his hold on the French nation, and more especially among the soldiery, by reviving, whenever an opportunity offered, the most agreeable recollections of his uncle's rule; while, at the same time, he incessantly disavowed all ambitious sentiments, and complained of the suspicion of them as an injury. He made a pilgrimage to Ham, and in the neighborhood of his former prison expressed his repentance of the attempts of Strasbourg and Boulogne. Having thus combated the preparations which a few Constitutionalists were inclined to make against a possible coup d'état, he played a rôle in the Parliament until December 2, 1851, on the morning of which day, before sunrise, he swept into prison every member of the Assembly known for public spirit and ability, dissolved the Assembly, and proclaimed himself Dictator. Subsequently he was elected President for a term of ten years, when he proclaimed a Constitution, which gave him absolute power. He was to appoint the Senators and the Council of State, and pretended to nominate the candidates for election to the legislative body. The ministry was to be responsible only to him; he was to command the land and sea forces, and was to declare war or the state of siege on his own authority. This state of things lasted but a year. In the autumn of 1852 he made tours through several of the departments of France; and on his return, his most devoted adherents in the Senate represented that the cries of "Vive l'Empereur!" with which the President had been greeted during his progress, unmistakably indicated the will of France, and proposed that the question of restoring the Empire should be formally submitted to the nation. The proposal was accepted. The French nation, by a majority of five or six millions, voted the restoration of the Empire, which was accordingly proclaimed December 2, 1852. The Prince then assumed the style and title of "Napoleon III., Emperor of the French by the grace of God and the will of the People." He was soon recognized by the other Powers, and eventually by the Emperor of Russia and the German sovereigns. His subsequent reign of nearly twenty years was marked by no lack of wisdom, great administrative ability, and undoubted firmness. Let his enemies say what they will, they cannot deny that France prospered amazingly under his regime, up to the day that he declared war against Prussia, an act which it is said was forced upon him against his better judgment, and ultimately led to the loss of his crown and the exile of himself and family. He doubtless had his faults, in common with other men; but as a ruler the French people have seldom had a better, and now that he is gone forever it may be said many a long day before they find another his equal. What effect his death will have upon the state of affairs in France, remains to be seen—there are not wanting grounds for serious apprehension.

## New Advertisements.

### To be Sold.

A BAGATTE TABLE, 10 FEET 2.

### A COMPLIMENTARY BALL

70

### PROF. C. SCHAFER

Will hold on WEDNESDAY, JAN. 15, at the

### OLD SING VERNON HALL.

Government street. Tickets admitting a Gentleman and Ladies, \$1 each.

### For San Francisco Direct.

### THE PRINCE ALFRED.

CAPTAIN. Will sail for San Francisco direct this day, Tuesday, at 10 o'clock A.M.

For Freight or Passage apply to J. H. DODDICK, A.C.O., 101 Market Street.

### TARIEF.

A MEETING OF THE FARMERS OF Victoria District will be held at the School House, Cedar Hill, on Saturday, 19th inst., at 10 o'clock A.M.

Business of the day, to be held at the School House, Cedar Hill, on Saturday, 19th inst., at 10 o'clock A.M.

Admission free. All persons interested are invited to attend, especially farmers from other districts.

W. H. JACKSON, Secy.

### The Famous Bremmer

### Powl Eggs.

FOR SALE AT THE AMERICAN HOTEL, Victoria, B.C., at \$10 per Dozen.

These Eggs are from the beautiful Bremmer Fowl of T. Burrow, Esq., which carried off the First Prize at the Provincial Exhibition, Victoria, B.C., 1872.

### ACCOUNTANTS' OFFICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY gives notice, that he has opened in Yates street, near corner Broad street, next to Brewster's office, an accountants' office, where he will always be at hand to regulate, post, or attend to accounts or book-keeping. On short notice any kind of documents such as Deeds, Mortgages, Bills of Sale, Contracts, Leases, Engagements of Co-partnerships or Dissolutions made, and also translations from French, Spanish, German, Danish or vice versa to English.

ALL AT REASONABLE TERMS.

Lemons given in Book-keeping by Double Entry in 20 Lessons at \$50 with guarantee of giving satisfaction and making a good Book-keeper of any gentleman, who wishes to learn this science. J. H. HERR, Yates street, near corner Broad street.

### Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE HEREBY GIVEN, that the partnership of J. H. HERR and J. H. HERR, in the account of their intended dissolution of partnership, all accounts due them must be paid by the 1st day of January next, or they will be placed in the hands of a solicitor for collection.

W. H. HERR, Yates street, near corner Broad street.

### Wanted

A DWELLING HOUSE OF ABOUT five rooms, centrally located. Apply at the Office of BARNARD'S EXPRESS.

## New Advertisements.

### GENERAL ABSTRACT.

Showing the average amount of the LIABILITIES and ASSETS within the Province of British Columbia, of the Bank of British North America, taken from the weekly statements during the quarter ending 31st December, 1872.

LIABILITIES.		ASSETS.	
Notes in Circulation	\$115,267 00	Legal Tender Notes in Gold and Silver	\$20,000 00
Deposits due to other Banks and Branches	25,126 82	Gold Bullion	20,000 00
Deposits ON HAND, not bearing Interest	\$108,518 04	Deposits due from other Banks and Branches	\$10,000 00
Deposits NOT ON HAND, bearing Interest	\$277,427 55	Amount of all other debts due to the Bank	100,000 00
Total amount of Liabilities	\$546,348 38		
Total amount of Assets		Total amount of Assets	
Amount of Capital Stock paid up at the close of the quarter ending 31st Dec. 1872	\$5,000,000 00	Amount of Capital Stock paid up at the close of the quarter ending 31st Dec. 1872	\$5,000,000 00
Amount of Profits and Losses carried forward from the previous quarter	\$100,000 00	Amount of Profits and Losses carried forward from the previous quarter	\$100,000 00
Amount of Profits and Losses declared for half year	\$100,000 00	Amount of Profits and Losses declared for half year	\$100,000 00
Amount of Profits and Losses declared for full year	\$100,000 00	Amount of Profits and Losses declared for full year	\$100,000 00
Amount of Profits and Losses declared for full year	\$100,000 00	Amount of Profits and Losses declared for full year	\$100,000 00

Declared before me at Victoria, B.C., the 11th day of January, 1873.

A. J. LAMOLEY, J. P.

### VICTORIA HOUSE

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING DISPOSED of the business on Government street known as VICTORIA HOUSE to Messrs. DENNY & SPENCER, all persons indebted to that establishment to pay their accounts immediately to the said Messrs. DENNY & SPENCER, who have been authorized to receive the same.

W. H. HERR, 4th January, 1873.

### VICTORIA HOUSE.

JANUARY 4th, 1873.

### DENNY & SPENCER

Beg to announce that they have purchased from Messrs. Findlay, Durham & Brodie the Entire

### STOCK & BUSINESS

of the establishment known as Victoria House, and are determined to offer for sale the

### BALANCE OF WINTER & SURPLUS STOCK

At Prices that will ensure a Clearance.

### THE SALE WILL BE FOR 30 DAYS

### And For Cash Only

### COMMENCING MONDAY JAN. 6th, 1873.

The Proprietors also take this opportunity of informing the Public of the principle upon which they intend to do business.

They have long thought it unfair to the Cash buyer to be charged the same Price as those who take long Credit. To obviate this they will do a CASH BUSINESS and will

### CONSIDER ACCOUNTS PAID AT SIXTY DAYS BY THEIR FAMILY CUSTOMERS AS CASH.

These Terms will be strictly adhered to. They will not dilate upon the advantages here offered to CASH BUYERS; but most respectfully solicit the patronage of the general public, who will in a very short time appreciate the System they intend to inaugurate.

### CHRISTMAS STORE

Opposite the Hook and Ladder Engine House

### GOVERNMENT STREET.

### HANDSOME STOCK OF FANCY GOODS.

The Public are respectfully invited to inspect the present stock ere they purchase elsewhere.

Mrs. Johnston, late of English Bazaar, has been engaged to dispose of the above for the owners who wish to clear out late shipments.

The store will be open on Monday next, 16th Dec. 1872.

### CHRISTMAS GIFTS CHEAPER THAN EVER

### LONDON BAZAAR,

GOVERNMENT Street corner FORT

### IMMENSE VARIETY

### Unequalled on the Pacific Coast.

Amongst which will be found many Choice and Rare Articles

### Just Received ex Naworth & Princess Royal.

W. JONES respectfully invites the public to call and inspect his Stock and note Prices which are greatly reduced owing to his having to visit Europe early in the New Year on important business, he has determined to reduce his immense stock which consists of

### TOYS, all kinds FANCY GOODS including

ELECTRO PLATED-WARE, GLASSWARE, WILLOW-WARE, CUTLERY, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY (of quality), JEWELRY, BOOKS, PICTURES, PAINTINGS, &c., and NOTIONS without end. A Large Assortment of

Whitby Jet and Vulcanite Brooches,arrings, Chains, Necklets, Lockets and Bracelets.

## New Advertisements.

### MUSIC.

PROF. C. SCHAFER WILL GIVE lessons at the residence of pupils, at Schools, or at his rooms, on the

Violin, Piano, Clarinet, Guitar, Bass Viol

and every description of BRASS INSTRUMENT.

As well as Parties and Dinners supplied with Music at reasonable rates.

Orders left at his residence, corner of View and Broad streets, will receive prompt attention.

### ANTOINE REFORE,

### FRENCH COOK.

DINNERS PREPARED ON THE Shortest notice. Families attended at their private residences.

Address, Care of Mr. Bouliet, corner of Broad and View streets.

### J. C. TRACY.

### AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT.

CONSIGNMENTS of Fruit, received by every steamer.

Saleroom St. Nicholas Building, Government Street.

Regular Sales every Wednesday and Saturday at 10 o'clock.

Commissions collected, Prompt Returns and moderate charges guaranteed.

Sole attention to any part of the city or vicinity. Best city reference given.

### REMOVAL.

J. WRIGHTSWORTH HAS REMOVED and is now at the premises near to his old stand, doing the Standard Printing Office.

### Supreme Court of British Columbia

### IN BANKRUPTCY.

In the Estate of David Cameron, a Bankrupt.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt will be held before the Registrar of the Supreme Court at his office on Monday the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of declaring a dividend payable on the amount proved.

RICHARD WOODS, Official Assignee.

Registrar's Office, 3 January, 1873.

### Wanted Immediately

ABLE AND ORDINARY SEAMEN for London, China, Australia and Apply to

J. H. NAGLE, Shipping Agent.

### Public School Notice

THE CITY SCHOOLS WILL RE-OPEN on Monday (THIS DAY) at 9 o'clock A.M.

W. LAMONT, Clerk of the Board.

### SCHOOL NOTICE.

### Mme. PETIBEAU'S

### BOARDING & DAY SCHOOL

Will re-open on Monday next, January 6th, 1873.

### JAMES MOORE & CO.

JOHNSON STREET, 2 doors below Henry Saunders' Grocery Store.

### CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.

Physicians' Prescriptions Carefully Prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery and a general assortment of Drugs and Chemicals always on hand.

### \$50 Reward.

### LOST.

ON WEDNESDAY THE 13th, Inst. on Government street, between Fort and Johnson Streets, \$20 in Greenbacks, &c. FIFTY DOLLARS Reward is hereby offered for the recovery of the same.

Apply to W. T. Standard Office.

### THEATRE SALOON

### GOVERNMENT STREET.

### T. A. WILLIAMSON

PROPRIETOR.

Immense Stock of WINE AND LIQUORS.

For the XMAS HOLIDAYS. Finest Brands of Cigars to be had at the bar.

### Notice to Merchants & Others.

U. S. CONSULATE AT Victoria, B.C.

By the United States in Bond are hereby notified that their Certificate to the landing of such merchandise must be presented at the Consulate with all the blanks which the Consular verification will be withheld.

DAVID ACKERMAN, U. S. Consul.

### Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN that Simon Moffat, Doorman of the City of Victoria, is the sole owner of the steamer which plied on Kamloops Lake during the past season and is now open or near the same Lake and boat as agent for Simon Moffat Doorman.

J. ROLAND HETT, Solicitor, Duncanson Street.

### NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

### INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000 Sterling.

Accumulated Fund, £4,286,169 Sterling.

Amount Deposited with Dominion Government, £150,000.

Losses Settled with Promptitude and Liberality.

T. ALLSOP, & CO., Agents.

Government Street, Victoria.

### Licenses Ordinance 1867.

All persons liable for Trading and Spirit Licenses under the above Ordinance are hereby notified to pay the same without delay at the office of the undersigned.

Summons will be immediately issued against those persons who neglect to pay up their Licenses.

H. B. GOOD, Clerk of the Bench.

Victoria, 7th January, 1873.

## New Advertisements.

### GEORGE'S MARKET.

JOHNSON STREET.

(Next to Blum's Dry Goods.)

### DEALER IN

### VENISON & GAME

of all kinds when in season.

### MRS. EIXNER,

### DRESS MAKER.

SOLICITS a share of Public patronage.

### TERMS MODERATE.

RESIDENCE—Corner of Meares and Quadra streets near the cemetery.

### The Adelphi Saloon To Let

OWING TO THE FADING HEALTH of the present proprietor of the Adelphi Saloon, situated on the corner of Yates and Government streets, Victoria, B.C., he is willing to rent the above named well known premises for a period of one or two years. For further particulars Apply

P. MURPHY, On the Premises.

### REGISTER OF MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS.

HELMCKEN, John Sebastian, Victoria, B.C.

Application received 24th December, 1869.

A Diploma from the Royal College of Surgeons, England, dated 17th March, 1848.

A Diploma from the College of Examiners, Apothecaries, Hall London, dated 28th April, 1848.

DAVID, John C., Victoria, B.C.

Application received 8th March, 1870.

Diploma registered 8th March, 1870.

A Diploma from the College of Medicine, San Francisco, California, dated 7th March, 1869.

BELL, Thomas, Williams Creek Hospital, Cariboo.

Application received 22nd May, 1871.

Diploma registered 10th June, 1871.

A Diploma from the Master Wardens and Assistants of the Society of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries, of the City of London, England, dated 10th January, 1848.

A Diploma from the Royal College of Surgeons, England, dated 17th March, 1848.

A Diploma from the Master Wardens and Assistants of the Society of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries, of the City of London, England, dated 10th January, 1848.

CHIPP, John, Barkerville, Cariboo.

Application received 10th August, 1872.

Diploma registered 13th August, 1872.

A Diploma from the Royal College of Surgeons, England, dated 17th March, 1848.

A Diploma from the Master Wardens and Assistants of the Society of the Art and Mystery of Apothecaries, of the City of London, England, dated 10th January, 1848.

POSTER, Robert John, Yale.

Application received 21st November, 1872.

Certificate registered 21st November, 1872.

A Certificate from the Queen's University, Kingston, dated 20 March, 1872.

### GREAT REDUCTION

### Horse, Carriage and Buggy Hire.

Horse and Buggy \$1 per hour, Holidays and Sundays Excepted.

### FOR SALE

150 Cords of Dry Pine

### WOOD

J. W. WILLIAMS,

Livery and Sale Stable,

Cor Johnson & Government streets, set 19



Advertisements.

ES' MARKET.

WSON STREET,  
to Blum's Dry Good Store

DEALER IN

ON & GAME

IXNER

SS MAKER

share of Public patronage.

IS MODERATE

Corner of Meares and Queen streets.

Phi Saloon To Let

THE FAILING HEALTH

of the Adolphi Saloon

is willing to rent the saloon

for a period of one or two years.

Apply to

J. MURPHY,

On the Premises.

VICTORIA, B. C., 1873.

with Section 5, of "The Medical

Register of Medical Practitioners

and Regulations, in accordance

with the Act of the 24th March, 1872.

CLARK COOK,

Medical Practitioner.

John Sebastian, Victoria, B. C.

24th December, 1872.

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The Daily Standard

Tuesday, January 14, 1873.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ARRIVED.

From San Francisco, 10th inst., the

ship Lady Lamson, Capt. Gaudin.

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THE FIRST PARLIAMENT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Second Session.

Monday, January 13th, 1873.

The House met at 2 p.m. The honorable

members were all present.

DR. ASH'S SPEECH.

The Speaker announced having received

the Supreme Court certificate of the return

for the Comox district, Dr. Ash.

Dr. Ash subscribed to the usual oath.

Hon. Mr. DeCromos and Mr. Smith

introduced the bill, gentlemen to the Speaker.

ANNUAL REPORTS AND PRESENTATIONS.

Hon. Mr. DeCromos laid before the House

a return of Indian reserves; the other reserves

would be laid before the House at a future

date; also the number of pre-emption taken

up in 1872.

To be printed.

MR. SMITH'S SPEECH.

Hon. Mr. DeCromos said he was com-

mended by the Governor to inform the House

that the address in respect of San Juan had

been received by His Excellency, and he had

forwarded the same to the Governor General

of the Dominion.

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THE SHIP LADY LAMSON.

Arrival of the Ship Lady Lamson

from London.

The H. B. Co's ship Lady Lamson, Capt.

Gaudin, arrived in Esquimalt harbor yester-

day at noon, 12th inst. from England. She is

consigned to the Hudson Bay Co., and brings

a cargo of assorted merchandise. The fol-

lowing is a memorandum of her passage,

which she accomplished in excellent time:

The Lady Lamson sailed from London on

the 21st August, 1872, and landed the pilot

at the Isle of Wight on the 2nd, and took a

short departure from the Start on the 4th;

landed very light winds and calm; found

the N.E. trades in 21° N., and only carried

them to 14° N.; after which experienced



